

PATCHING AND TESTING CORD ASSEMBLIES

5-CONDUCTOR CORDS

GENERAL

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1.01 This section covers general information regarding the standard 5-conductor patching and testing cord assemblies required for patching and testing of all switching equipments. This general information was formerly covered in Section 032-315-101, which is canceled.

1.02 The descriptive information and illustrations for the 5-conductor cords, formerly covered in Section 032-315-101, is now contained in Sections 032-315-102 and up as listed in the Division 032 index.

1.03 In the descriptive sections for convenience in ordering patching and testing cords, codes shown in the upper left-hand corner of each item have been established. These include basic apparatus codes and combination apparatus codes. The code shown in the upper lefthand corner of each item should be used in all cases for ordering the complete assembly shown.

1.04 The apparatus code for cords refers to the basic designation assigned to coded cords. An example of basic apparatus code is the P5C. The cord itself is not assigned an apparatus code and can only be ordered as part of the complete assembly. The combination apparatus code applies to specific cord arrangements which include the basic apparatus code having a desired standard length and color and furnished equipped with required coded and/or noncoded parts such as plugs, jacks, etc. An example of a combination code is the 5P2A. Both apparatus codes and combination apparatus codes are readily available stock items.

1.05 When a part of an assembly is desired for replacement purposes, and the part is covered by an individual apparatus code or part number shown below the assembly code number, the part should be ordered by the individual apparatus code or part number, as specified. When ordering a

part, give both the part number (piece part or apparatus code) and the name of the part. For example: P-207698 cord tip. Do not include any information in parentheses.

1.06 Assemblies, in which the individual cords are not covered by apparatus codes, are assigned codes such as:

P5C

All other assemblies are assigned codes such as:

5P2A

where the first letter is always preceded by a numeral. In this latter case, the first numeral indicates the number of conductors in the cord, and the first letter indicates whether it is a patching or a testing cord; that is, P means a patching cord (a cord equipped with plugs at both ends) and W means a testing cord. The remainder of the code is used to identify a particular assembly in a group.

1.07 Information pertaining to the relation of plugs and jacks and for ordering plugs separately is covered in Section 032-510-101.

1.08 Unless otherwise specified, cord conductors have a nominal resistance of 0.2 ohm per conductor foot.

1.09 In general, the length of a cord is determined by one of the following:

- (a) The distance between equipments
- (b) The distance between the equipment and the band
- (c) The distance between the bands.

The cord length does not normally include the length of the free conductors.

SECTION 032-315-100

1.10 Code Marking Labels: Labels, consisting of adhesive-backed plastic strips with a white print-on surface, have been provided to furnish permanent code marking on patch and test cords. Blank plastic labels for adding code identification to unmarked cords may be ordered as follows:

P-46C165—Plastic label (1/4-inch by 4-5/16 inch) supplied on cards of 36 labels. (For use on all cords having a diameter of 3/16-inch or greater.)

P-46C219—Plastic label (5/8-inch by 1-1/2 inch) supplied on cards of 14 labels. (For use on cords having a diameter of less than 3/16-inch.)

The code number should be inscribed preferably with a pen, on the print-on portion of the label

before the label is detached from the card. The label is then removed from the card and wrapped around the cord. Because of the length of the P-46C165 label, it may be necessary to trim the transparent end to avoid having more than one layer of transparent tape over the code marking. The marking on the P-46C165 label should be inscribed in line with its major axis, whereas, the marking on the P-46C219 label should be inscribed across its major axis. With the latter label, the marking should be as close as possible to the transparent portion so that it will not be obscured when the label is wrapped around the cord.

1.11 When test cords are used in locations where they might be confused with patch cords, the test cords should be marked with two bands of 1/2-inch yellow vinyl tape, spaced one inch apart and applied near the plug.