## 359G EQUALIZER <br> DESCRIPTION

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## 1. GENERAL

1.01 This section describes the 359 G equalizer, which is a plug-in apparatus unit designed for use in V4 telephone repeater applications.
1.02 The 359 G equalizer is an unbalanced 600 -ohm constant-resistance bridged-T loss equalizer with insertion loss characteristics which decrease with increasing frequency. This equalizer provides negative slope loss equalization with a choice of 11 loss-frequency characteristics with up to 6.0 dB of loss shape in the frequency band from 300 to 3200 Hz . It is used primarily in 44V4B repeater data and special-service circuit applications to loss equalize the overall voice-frequency characteristics of loaded cable or carrier channels.

## 2. EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

2.01 The 359 G equalizer (see Fig. 1) is a plug-in unit equipped with a 20 -pin connector designed to be plugged directly into the equalizer socket of a repeater mounting shelf.
2.02 The 359 G equalizer consists of 14 resistors, 2 inductors, and 2 capacitors mounted on two printed wiring boards and housed in a metal can approximately $1-3 / 4$ inches wide by $1-3 / 4$ inches high by 7 inches long. Tabs are provided on the front of the can to facilitate removal of the equalizer from the repeater mounting shelf by the use of a 602 C or 602 D tool.
2.03 Twelve screw-type switches mounted on the faceplate permit adjustment of the equalizer.
The equalizer arms (series and shunt) and the


Fig. 1-359G Equalizer
resistors controlled by each switch are permanently marked on the faceplate.

## 3. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

3.01 Figure 2 is the schematic of the 359G equalizer and shows typical circuit connections for the equalizer as used in a 44 V 4 B repeater for association with a data trunk. For this application, shelf wiring provides connections from the 4 -wire line through the equalizer to the 1200 -ohm sides of the 227 -type amplifiers. At the same time, the equalizer proper (terminals $7,8,9$ ) is wired in tandem with the receiving amplifier input circuit, where it works between nominal 600 -ohm terminations. Also provided on the transmitting 4 -wire side are connections to the AMPL OUT and MON jacks through terminals 19,14 and 12,17 . For some other repeater applications, connections are made through shelf wiring to the equalizer alone (terminals 7, 8, 9).
3.02 The actual equalizer circuit consists of a one-section bridged-T loss equalizer with an input between terminals 7 and 8 and an output between terminals 9 and 8 , with terminal 8 being the common ground terminal. The series arm is made up of a series LC circuit in parallel with a series string of six resistors ( R 7 through R12) which are individually added to or removed from the circuit by operating their associated faceplate screw-type switches. The shunt arm consists of a parallel LC circuit in tandem with a series string
of six resistors (R1 through R6) which are individually controlled by operating their associated faceplate screw-type switches. The bridge arm consists of two 600 -ohm resistors, R13 and R14. The resistors in both the series and shunt arms are bypassed when their associated screw-type switches are closed (turned in) and are included in the circuit when the switches are opened (turned out).
3.03 The 359 G equalizer insertion loss between 600 -ohm terminations decreases with increasing frequency. As frequency increases, the impedance in the series arm decreases and that in the shunt arm increases (both LC circuits resonate at 5300

Hz ). This results in a decreasing insertion loss with increasing frequency, with the slope being controlled by the values of the resistors in each arm. Figure 3 shows 11 insertion loss curves and the faceplate switch settings necessary to produce them. The insertion loss at 2225 Hz is provided for each of the characteristic curves.
3.04 Representative values of the envelope delay distortion of the 359 G equalizer for four settings of the faceplate screw-type switches are provided in Table A. The distortion is in microseconds relative to 1800 Hz , and the settings of the switches for each curve are given in Fig. 3.

TABLE A
$359 G$ EQUALIZER - ENVELOPE DELAY DISTORTION

| $\begin{gathered} \text { EOL } \\ \text { CURVE } \\ \text { NO. } \end{gathered}$ | frequency in hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 300 | 500 | 800 | 1000 | 1500 | 1800 | 2100 | 2600 | 2800 | 3000 | 3200 |
| 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5 | -10 |
| 15 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -5 | -5 |
| 18 | -5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | -5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | -15 | $-10$ | $-10$ | -5 | $-10$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 10 |



Fig. 2-359G Equalizer-Schematic-Typical Circuit Connections for 44V4B Repeater Associated With Data Trunk


| CURVE NO. | INSERTION Loss (DB) AT 2225 HZ | SCREW SETTINGSx INDICATES SCREWS TO BE TURNED OUT (SW OPEN) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 258 | 271 | 432 | 1100 | 1300 | 2080 | TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 17.6 | $\times$ | X | X | X | X | - | OHMS | 30.1 | 37 | 49.9 | 75 | 100 | 200 | OHMS |
| 19 | 17.1 |  | $x$ |  | x | x | $\frac{x}{x}$ | 5441 | $\times$ | X |  |  |  |  | 67.1 |
| 18 | 16.6 | x | X | x | X |  | X | 4751 |  |  |  | x |  |  | 75 |
| 17 | 16.0 |  | X |  |  | X | x | 4141 |  | X | X |  |  |  | 86.9 |
| 16 | 15.4 |  |  |  | X |  | X | 3651 |  |  |  |  | $\times$ |  | 100 |
| 15 | 14.5 | x |  | x |  |  | X | 3780 |  | x |  | x |  |  | 112 |
| 14 | 13.6 |  |  |  | $\times$ | $x$ |  | 2770 | X |  |  |  | $x$ |  | 130.1 |
| 13 | 12.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2400 |  |  | X |  | X |  | 149.1 |
| 12 | 11.9 | $\times$ |  | $x$ | $x$ |  | $\times$ | 2080 |  |  |  | $x$ | X |  | 175 |
| 11 | 11 |  |  | X | $\times$ |  |  | 1532 |  |  |  |  |  | X | 200 |
| 10 | 10 |  |  |  |  | X |  | 1300 |  | x |  |  |  | X | 237 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1300 |  |  |  | X |  | $\chi$ | 275 |

fig. 3-359G Equalizer-Insertion Loss-Frequency Characteristics-600-Ohm Terminations

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