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BPT62 2/4-4 WIRE DATA INTERFACE UNIT BPT62B 2/4-4 WIRE DATA INTERFACE UNIT DESCRIPTION AND INSTALLATION

"OMNIPORT" " NETWORK CHANNEL TERMINATING EQUIPMENT

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1. GENERAL

1.01 This practice provides description, application, and installation information for the OMNIPORT NCTE (network channel terminating equipment) BPT62 and BPT62B 2/4-4 wire DIUs (data interface units). The BPT62B provides the same functions as the BPT62, plus improved low frequency equalization. A general description of OMNIPORT NCTE is given in AT&T Practice 332-620-100.

Copyright ©1985 AT&T Technologies All Rights Reserved **1.02** This practice is reissued to add information on the BPT62B data interface unit. The practice title has been changed to reflect this additional information. Change arrows are used to indicate significant changes.

1.03 The BPT62 and ♦BPT62B♦ DIUs are part of the OMNIPORT NCTE family of customer premises equipment (both mountings and circuit packs) for voice-frequency special services, maintenance, analog data, and digital services.

2. UNIT DESCRIPTION

2.01 These units are switch selectable 2-4 or 4-4 wire terminal repeaters with maintenance loopback features for use on private line voice-frequency data circuits. They provide -20 to +26.5 dB of gain in 0.1-dB steps in both directions of transmission. They also provide 0 to 15 dB of 2804-Hz post-equalization in 1-dB steps in the receive (from the network) direction.

2.02 These units can be mounted in any OMNIPORT NCTE mounting, or 400-type equivalent, that supplies -48 or ± 12 volts dc power to the unit.

A. Unit Specifications

2.03 Specifications for these units are summarized in Table A. Figure 1 is a block diagram of the unit and Fig. 2 shows the unit controls ♦(the BPT62B faceplate is shown).♥ Table B is a listing of unit leads and their functions.

B. Unit Impedance

2.04 These units provide a 600-ohm impedance to the customer equipment and a switch selectable 150-, 600-, or 1200-ohm impedance to the network facility. The 600- and 1200-ohm impedances are used to match nonloaded and loaded cable, respectively. The 150-ohm impedance is used to provide mismatch equalization on nonloaded cable.

C. Maintenance Feature

2.05 The maintenance feature is remotely activated by applying a 2713-Hz tone to the unit for at least 2 seconds. Upon removal of the tone, the maintenance feature activates causing the unit to disconnect the customer equipment from the circuit

and provide a loopback connection to the network facility. A switch selectable gain of 0, 8, or 16 dB is inserted in the loopback path to provide standard signal levels to the transmit (to the network) path. A BUSY indicator on the unit faceplate will light while the maintenance feature is activated. The maintenance feature can be deactivated either by applying a 2713-Hz tone to the unit for at least 1 second or by allowing the feature to automatically time out after 20 minutes.

2.06 In the 2-4 wire configuration, the maintenance feature internally terminates and tests the compromise canceler as part of the loopback connection.

2.07 The maintenance feature can be locally activated by connecting the MLB (manual loopback) lead (pin 39) to the MLBG (manual loopback return) lead (pin 37). The unit will remain in the loopback condition as long as the MLB and MLBG leads are connected together.

2.08 A contact opening is provided between the SI and SIR leads (formerly designated TEK5 and TEK6, respectively) when the maintenance feature is activated as a "maintenance busy" indication to the customer equipment. The SIR lead has two output appearances, one on pin 19 and another on pin 21.

D. Sealing Current

2.09 A sealing current option is provided on these units. This option connects the SXR and SXT leads together to provide a return path for sealing current applied at the far end of the circuit. If the maintenance feature is activated while the sealing current option is selected, the sealing current path will be opened to allow use of the maintenance feature.

E. Monitor Jacks

2.10 Two 310-type monitor jacks, TRANS MON and REC MON, are located on the BPT62 faceplate. These jacks provide test access to the customer side of the unit.

F. Identification Leads

2.11 These units provide two identification leads (ID1 and ID2) for use by the telephone compa-

ny. These leads are available for insertion of a com-

ponent on the printed wiring board to allow positive identification of a particular unit.

G. Unit Controls

2.12 **BUSY:** This indicator on the unit faceplate will light when the maintenance loopback feature is in use.

2.13 48V·**12V**: This switch is set according to the power arrangement provided at the mounting. Set the switch in the 48V position if -48 volts dc is supplied to the unit or in the 12V position if ± 12 volts dc is supplied.

2.14 2W·4W: This switch selects the customerside interface. Set the switch in the 2W position to provide a 2-wire customer interface or in the 4W position to provide a 4-wire customer interface.

2.15 600.150.1200: This switch selects the network side output impedance. Set the switch in the 600 position to match nonloaded cable or in the 1200 position to match loaded cable. Set the switch in the 150 position to provide mismatch equalization.

2.16 SC: This option provides a sealing current return path when the switch is in the ON position.

2.17 0.8.16: This switch selects the amount of gain provided in the loopback path. Set the switch in the 0, 8, or 16 position to provide 0, 8, or 16 dB of loopback gain.

2.18 TRANS GAIN and REC GAIN: The TRANS GAIN and REC GAIN switches (.1, .2, .4, .8, 1, 2, 4, 8, 10, and -20) control -20 to +26.5 dB of gain in 0.1-dB steps in the transmit and receive directions, respectively. Set the switches so the sum of the switches in the ON position equals the desired gain or loss.

Note: The -20 switch provides 20 dB of loss. For example, if 8 dB of loss is required, set the -20, 10, and 2 switches in the ON position.

2.19 REC EQ: These switches (1, 2, 4, and 8) control 0 to 15 dB of post-equalization in 1-dB steps in the receive (from the network) direction. Set the switches so the sum of the switches in the ON position equals the desired equalization.

H. Equalization

2.20 These units provide 0 to 15 dB of slope equalization in 1-dB steps in the receive (from the network) direction. For ease of equalizer adjustment, the markings on the EQ switches indicate the amount of 2804-Hz equalization supplied when the switches are in the ON position. For example, if 3 dB of 2804-Hz equalization is required, set switches 1 and 2 in the ON position. ♦The BPT62 equalizer performance is shown in Table C and Fig. 3, and BPT62B equalizer performance is shown in Table D and Fig. 4.

2.21 The gain and equalizer settings are independent of each other. As shown in Fig. 3 and 4, the equalizer setting has little effect on the unit gain at 1 kHz while providing additional gain at 2800 Hz and introducing loss at 400 Hz.

2.22 When the 150-ohm output impedance option is used to provide mismatch equalization, the unit gain should be set using the unknown facility procedure of paragraphs 4.07 and 4.08 (disregard Steps 8 and 9 of the procedure which adjust the active equalizer).

I. Attenuation Distortion

2.23 ♦These units provide 0 to 15 dB of active postequalization in the receive direction and flat frequency response in the transmit direction. Information on the receive channel equalization is provided in paragraphs 2.20 through 2.22. Attenuation distortion values for the transmit channel are given in Table E.4

3. APPLICATION

3.01 The BPT62 and ♦BPT62B€ are 2-4 or 4-4 wire terminal repeaters for use on 4-wire voicefrequency private line data circuits as a replacement for 829-type data auxiliary sets. These units can also be used as 2-4 or 4-4 wire terminal repeaters for voice-frequency special services applications. Typical applications of the units are shown in Fig. 5.

4. INSTALLATION

4.01 These units can be installed in any OMNIPORT NCTE mounting, or 400-type equivalent, that supplies -48 or ± 12 volts dc power to the unit. Installation involves setting the unit con-

trols and inserting the circuit pack in its mounting slot.

4.02 Set the unit controls as required for proper circuit operation. For convenience, the GAIN and EQ switch markings indicate the amount of gain and equalization supplied when the switches are placed in the ON position. The following paragraphs provide information on setting the GAIN and EQ switches.

A. Gain and Equalization

4.03 The gain and equalization to be provided can be determined by two methods. One method is used when the facility length and gauge are known. The other method is used when the facility length and gauge are not known, if 150-ohm mismatch equalization is provided, or if the circuit fails to meet transmission requirements using the known facility method.

Known Facility

4.04 When the length and gauge of the facility are known, gain and equalization values can be obtained from the WORD (work order record and details) document, the CLR (circuit layout record) card, or by using the factors in Table F.

4.05 Table F contains multiplication factors that can be used to calculate the gain and equalization required. For mixed-gauge cables, the sum of the values calculated for each gauge will equal the required gain.

4.06 For nonloaded cable equalization settings, multiply the sum of the cable lengths, in kilofeet, by the equalization factor (0.25). If values between two available switch settings are obtained, use the lower value setting.

Example: Fifteen (15) kft of nonloaded cable has a calculated equalization value of 3.75 dB (15 kft \times 0.25 = 3.75 dB). An EQ switch setting of 3 should be used (i.e., switches 1 and 2 in the ON position).

Unknown Facility

4.07 The following procedure is for use when the length and gauge of the facility are not known, if 150-ohm mismatch equalization is provided, or if

transmission requirements are not met using the known facility procedure. Test equipment required for the following procedure includes a 43A test extender, or equivalent; a 600-ohm oscillator; and a 600ohm detector. Equipment connections for this procedure are shown in Fig. 6.

Note 1: This procedure can be performed without a test extender by using the TRANS MON and REC MON jacks on the unit faceplate if the customer equipment is not connected to the circuit.

Note 2: If 150-ohm mismatch equalization is provided, disregard Steps 8 and 9 which adjust the active equalizer.

- 4.08 Set the GAIN and EQ switches as follows:
 - (1) Insert unit into test extender and insert test extender into mounting shelf.
 - (2) Connect 600-ohm oscillator to customer-side T/R jack. Adjust oscillator to provide a 1004-Hz, 0-dBm signal.
 - (3) Connect detector at far end of facility to measure tone.
 - (4) Adjust TRANS GAIN switches to provide the desired level at far end.
 - (5) Connect oscillator at far end of facility. Adjust oscillator to provide a 1004-Hz, 0-dBm signal.
 - (6) Connect detector at customer side of unit to measure tone as follows:
 - (a) *Two-Wire Interface:* Remove oscillator from customer-side T/R jack and connect detector at customer-side T/R jack.
 - (b) **Four-Wire Interface:** Connect detector at customer-side T1/R1 jack.
 - (7) Adjust REC GAIN switches to provide desired level at detector.
 - (8) Adjust oscillator at far end of facility to provide a 2804-Hz, 0-dBm signal.

 (9) Adjust EQ switches to provide a 2804-Hz level equal to, or slightly less than, 1004-Hz level set in Step 7.

- (10) Remove test equipment and remove unit from test extender.
- (11) Insert unit into mounting shelf.

5. MAINTENANCE

5.01 This unit requires no routine maintenance. If a unit is faulty, replace it with a spare and send the defective unit to the nearest AT&T Service Center for repair.

| | ♦TABLE A |
|---|--|
| BPT62 AND | BPT62B UNIT SPECIFICATIONS |
| GENERAL | |
| CLEI CODE BPT62 BPT62B | NCDI010AXX NCDI050AXX |
| DIMENSIONS (H, W, D) | 5.60 	imes 1.45 	imes 5.90 Inches |
| WEIGHT | 10.4 Ounces |
| TEMPERATURE Operating Storage | 0° to 50° Celsius -40° to 66° Celsius |
| HUMIDITY | 5 to 95 Percent Relative |
| POWER INPUT REQUIREMENTS | |
| VOLTAGE Nominal Range | ±12 V dc or -48 V dc (PWB fused) ±12 V dc ±5 Percent or -42.5 to -56.0 V dc |
| CURRENT DRAIN Typical Typical With Maintenance Feature Activated | 40 mA 80 mA |
| TRANSMISSION | |
| INTERFACE | 2W-4W or 4W-4W |
| IMPEDANCE Customer Side Network Side | 600 Ohms 600/1200 Ohms (for nonloaded and loaded cable) 150 Ohms (for mismatch equalizaton of nonloaded cable) |
| GAIN/ATTENUATION Transmit Receive | -20.0 to +26.5 dB (switch selectable in 0.1 dB steps) -20.0 to +26.5 dB (switch selectable in 0.1 dB steps) |
| EQUALIZATION Receive (Post) | 0 to 15 dB Slope (switch selectable in 1 dB steps) |
| RETURN LOSS Customer Side ERL SRL | 2-4 Wire4-4 WireGreater Than 20 dBGreater Than 29 dBGreater Than 27 dBGreater Than 31 dB |
| Network Side ERL SRL | Greater Than 31 dB Greater Than 32 dB (150, 600, or 1200 Ohms) Greater Than 32 dB |
| TRANSHYBRID LOSS | 30 dB Minimum into 600 Ohms |
| LONGITUDINAL BALANCE (200 to 3000 Hz) Customer Side Network Side | Greater Than 60 dB Greater Than 60 dB |

| • | TABLE A (Contd) |
|--|--|
| BPT62 AND B | PT62B UNIT SPECIFICATIONS |
| TRANSMISSION (Contd) | |
| IDLE CHANNEL NOISE | Less Than 5 dBrnC |
| ENVELOPE DELAY DISTORTION | $\pm 100 \ \mu sec$ (200 to 4000 Hz Referenced to 1 kHz) |
| PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO (PAR) | 98 or Greater |
| MAXIMUM SIGNAL LEVELS Input Output | +12 dBm +12 dBm |
| CROSSTALK | Greater Than 90 dB (between adjacent circuit packs) |
| MAINTENANCE | |
| TYPE | 20-Minute Transmission Loopback With 0, $+8$, or $+16 \text{ dB}$ of Gain |
| TONE DETECTOR | 2713 ±7 Hz Tone, -30 dBm to 0 dBm (10 dB or greater signal-to-noise ratio) |
| REMOTE ACTIVATION | Activates After Removal of a 2-Second or Longer 2713 ± 7 Hz Tone |
| REMOTE DEACTIVATION | Deactivates After Receiving 2713 \pm 7 Hz Tone for 1 Second or Will Time Out After 20 Minutes |
| LOCAL ACTIVATION | Activates When MLB and MLBG Leads (Pins 39 and 37) Are Connected Together (will remain activated until connection is removed) |
| CUSTOMER BUSY | SI and SIR Leads (formerly designated TEK5 and TEK6) Are Open |

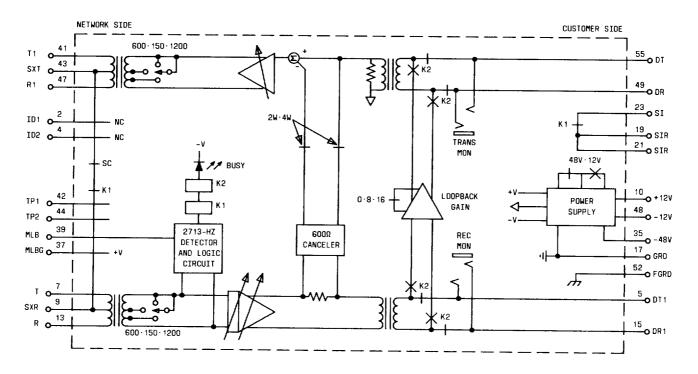


Fig. 1—♦Block Diagram of BPT62 and BPT62B€

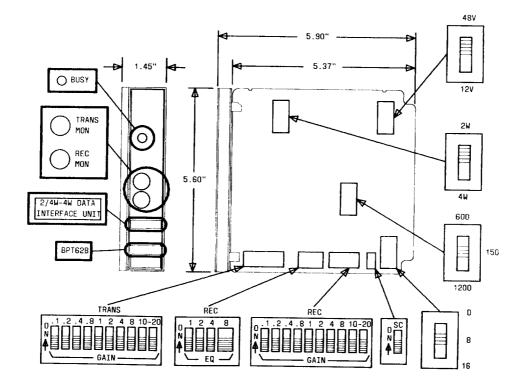


Fig. 2—♦Unit Controls and Faceplate (BPT62B Shown)♦

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| | | ♦TABLE B¢ |
|--------------|---------------|---|
| | | BPT62 AND BPT62B LEAD DESIGNATIONS AND FUNCTIONS |
| LEAD NO. | LEAD DESIG | FUNCTION |
| <u>NETWC</u> | ORK LEADS | |
| 41 | T1 | (Tip 1) Transmit Output Toward Network |
| 47 | R1 | (Ring 1) Transmit Output Toward Network |
| 43 | SXT | Transmit Simplex Lead (Network Side) |
| 7 | Т | (Tip) Receive Input From Network |
| 13 | R | (Ring) Receive Input From Network |
| 9 | SXR | Receive Simplex Lead (Network Side) |
| CUSTON | MER LEADS | |
| 55 | DT | (Data Tip) Transmit/Receive Data Toward Customer (2W) |
| 49 | DR | Transmitted Data Input From Customer (4W) (Data Ring) Transmit/Receive Data Toward Customer (2W) or |
| 5 | DT1 | Transmitted Data Input From Customer (4W) |
| 15 | DR1 | (Data Tip 1) Received Data Output Toward Customer (4W) |
| 23 | | (Data King I) Received Data Output Toward Customer (AW) |
| 19,21 | SIR | Status Indicator Toward Customer (Formerly Designated TEVE) |
| POWER | | Status Indicator Return Toward Customer (Formerly Designated TEK5) |
| 10 | | |
| 48 | +12V | +12 V Battery Supply |
| 40 17 | -12V GRD | -12 V Battery Supply |
| 35 | -48V | ± 12 V and -48 V Battery Supply Ground |
| 53 | -48V FGRD | -48 V Battery Supply |
| | | Frame Ground |
| MISCELL | ANEOUS L | EADS |
| 39 | MLB | Manual Loopback |
| 37 | MLBG | Manual Loopback Return |
| 2 | ID1 | Identification Lead 1 |
| 4 | ID2 | Identification Lead 2 |
| 42 | TP1 | Manufacturing Test Point |
| 44 | TP2 | Manufacturing Test Point |

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| | TABLE C BPT62 EQUALIZER PERFORMANCE EQUALIZER GAIN CONTRIBUTION IN dB | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EQ SWITCH | | FREQUENCY (HZ) | | | | | | | | | |
| SETTING | 100 | 200 | 400 | 1000 | 2000 | 2800 | 4000 | | | | |
| 0 | - 0.55 | - 0.33 | -0.16 | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.24 | -0.35 | | | | |
| 1 | - 0.89 | - 0.67 | -0.48 | -0.15 | 0.42 | 0.73 | 0.55 | | | | |
| 2 | - 1.28 | - 1.05 | -0.82 | -0.28 | 0.94 | 1.67 | 1.42 | | | | |
| 3 | - 1.79 | - 1.54 | -1.26 | -0.40 | 1.60 | 2.71 | 2.42 | | | | |
| 4 | - 2.24 | - 1.98 | -1.64 | -0.46 | 2.16 | 3.51 | 3.19 | | | | |
| 5 | - 3.02 | - 2.73 | -2.27 | -0.46 | 3.04 | 4.66 | 4.31 | | | | |
| 6 | - 3.97 | - 3.62 | -2.97 | -0.34 | 3.98 | 5.79 | 5.42 | | | | |
| 7 | - 5.41 | - 4.92 | -3.88 | 0.00 | 5.13 | 7.10 | 6.71 | | | | |
| 8 | - 7.51 | - 6.90 | -5.43 | -0.19 | 5.50 | 7.81 | 9.75 | | | | |
| 9 | - 7.86 | - 7.24 | -5.74 | -0.33 | 5.97 | 8.77 | 10.64 | | | | |
| 10 | - 8.24 | - 7.61 | -6.09 | -0.47 | 6.49 | 9.71 | 11.52 | | | | |
| 11 | - 8.75 | - 8.11 | -6.53 | -0.59 | 7.16 | 10.76 | 12.53 | | | | |
| 12 | - 9.20 | - 8.55 | -6.90 | -0.65 | 7.72 | 11.56 | 13.30 | | | | |
| 13 | - 9.96 | - 9.28 | -7.52 | -0.64 | 8.60 | 12.72 | 14.42 | | | | |
| 14 | -10.92 | -10.18 | -8.23 | -0.54 | 9.54 | 13.85 | 15.53 | | | | |
| 15 | -12.33 | -11.47 | -9.13 | -0.19 | 10.70 | 15.16 | 16.82 | | | | |

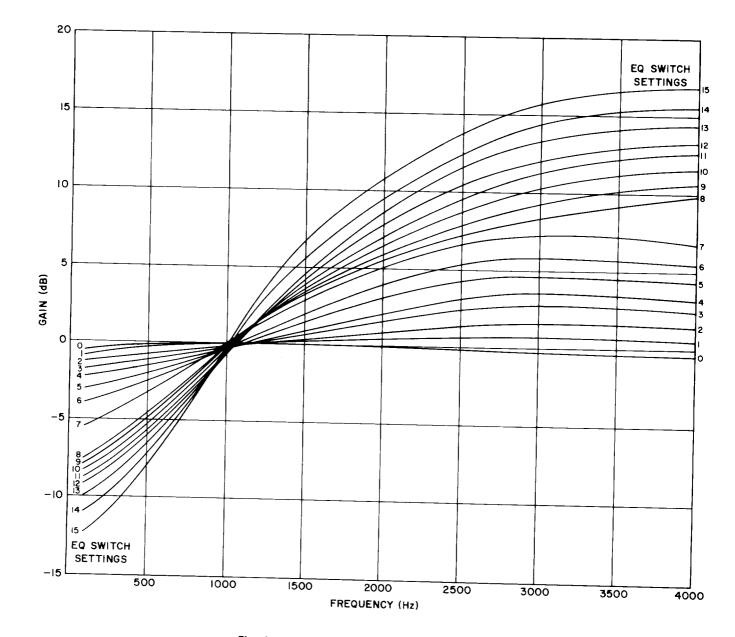
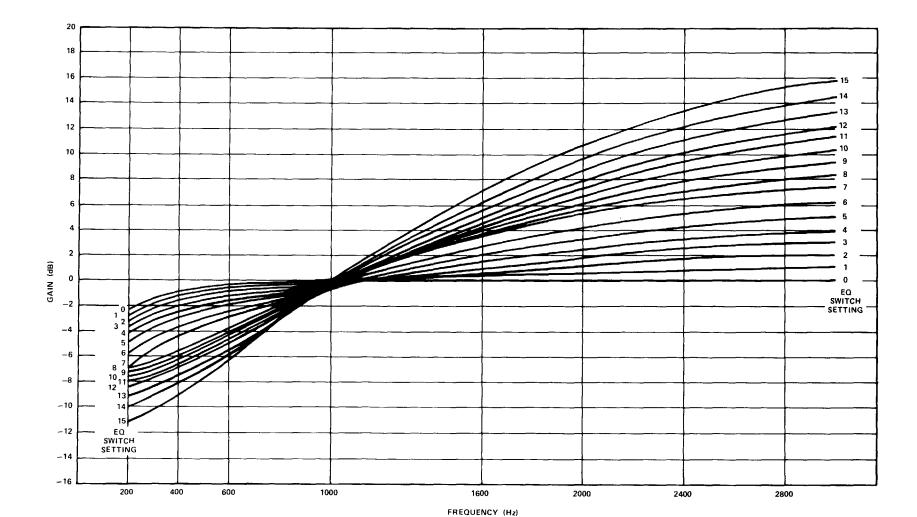


Fig. 3—BPT62 Equalizer Performance Curves

| ♦TABLE D ♦ | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| BPT62B EQUALIZER PERFORMANCE | | | | | | | | | | |
| EQ SWITCH | | FREQUENCY (Hz) | | | | | | | | |
| SETTING | 200 | 400 | 600 | 1000 | 1600 | 2000 | 2400 | 2800 | | |
| 0 | -2.5 | -0.8 | -0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | | |
| 1 | -2.8 | -1.1 | -0.6 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | | |
| 2 | -3.2 | -1.5 | -0.9 | -0.2 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.1 | | |
| 3 | -3.6 | -1.9 | -1.2 | -0.3 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.1 | | |
| 4 | -4.1 | -2.3 | -1.5 | -0.4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 3.9 | | |
| 5 | -4.8 | -2.9 | -2.0 | -0.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 5.0 | | |
| 6 | -5.7 | -3.6 | -2.4 | -0.3 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 6.2 | | |
| 7 | -7.0 | -4.5 | -2.8 | 0.1 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 7.5 | | |
| 8 | -6.9 | -5.4 | -3.7 | -0.2 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 7.1 | 8.2 | | |
| 9 | -7.2 | -5.7 | -3.9 | -0.3 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 9.2 | | |
| 10 | -7.6 | -6.1 | -4.2 | -0.4 | 4.3 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 10.1 | | |
| 11 | -8.1 | -6.5 | -4.6 | -1.4 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 11.2 | | |
| 12 | -8.5 | -6.9 | -4.9 | -0.6 | 5.0 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 11.9 | | |
| 13 | -9.1 | -7.5 | -5.3 | -0.7 | 5.6 | 8.9 | 11.4 | 13.1 | | |
| 14 | -10.2 | -8.2 | -5.7 | -0.4 | 6.4 | 9.8 | 12.4 | 14.2 | | |
| 15 | -11.6 | -9.1 | -6.2 | -0.9 | 7.4 | 11.0 | 13.7 | 15.5 | | |



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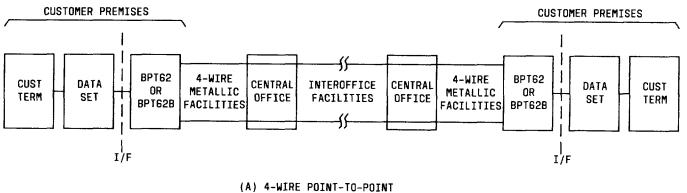
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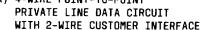
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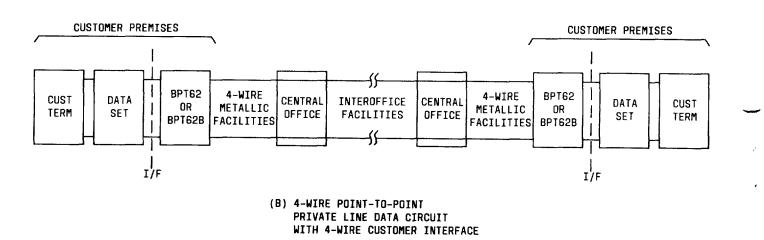
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| | | | \$TABLE | Eŧ | | | |
|-----------|------|------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| | | - | RELATIVE | | - | z) | |
| FREQUENCY | | | | | | | |
| CHANNEL | 200 | 300 | 400 | 1000 | 2000 | 2800 | 4000 |
| Transmit | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 |









| TABLE F GAIN AND EQUALIZATION FACTORS | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| CABLE TYPE | 1-KHZ GAIN REQUIRED PER KFT | 1-KHZ GAIN REQUIRED PER MILE | EQUALIZATION REQUIRED PER KFT (NOTE) | | | | | |
| H88 LOADED CABLE | | | | | | | | |
| 22 Gauge | 0.15 dB | 0.8 dB | 0.0 dB | | | | | |
| 24 Gauge | 0.23 dB | 1.2 dB | 0.0 dB | | | | | |
| 26 Gauge | 0.34 dB | 1.8 dB | 0.0 dB | | | | | |
| D66 LOADED CABLE | | | | | | | | |
| 22 Gauge | 0.15 dB | 0.8 dB | 0.0 dB | | | | | |
| 24 Gauge | 0.23 dB | 1.2 dB | 0.0 dB | | | | | |
| NONLOADED CABLE | | | | | | | | |
| 22 Gauge | 0.34 dB | 1.8 dB | 0.25 dB | | | | | |
| 24 Gauge | 0.44 dB | 2.3 dB | 0.25 dB | | | | | |
| 26 Gauge | 0.54 dB | 2.9 dB | 0.25 dB | | | | | |

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