# METALLIC FACILITY TERMINAL <br> 4-4 WIRE TRANSMISSION UNIT (J99343BD) <br> SD-1C359-0 1 <br> DESCRIPTION 



Fig. 1-J99343BD 4-4 Wire Transmission Unit
1.05 This unit performs all the functions supplied by the 4182B network (V4 family) except the 150 -ohm capability on the facility side. An added feature of the J99343BD transmission unit

## NOTICE

Not for use or disclosure outside the Bell System except under written agreement
is the ability to reverse the $S X / S X 1$ leads by operating a switch.
1.06 Basically, the J99343BD 4-4 wire transmission unit supplies:
(a) Transmission level control-The $1000-\mathrm{Hz}$ loss of the unit is adjustable from 1.0 dB to 24.5 dB in 0.1 dB increments for both directions of transmission.
(b) The derivation of SX and SX1 leads for dc or low-frequency signaling.
(c) Impedance matching-600 ohms on the $A$ side to either 600 or 1200 ohms on the $B$ side.

## 2. EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

2.01 The 4-4 wire transmission unit is an MFT plug-in device with dimensions identical to the other MFT units.
2.02 Construction consists of circuit components located on a printed wiring board mounted on a die-cast frame. Five slide switches (Fig. 2) on the printed wiring board set the necessary options and configurations. These switches are discussed in Part 3 of this section.


Fig. 2-J99343BD 4-4 Wire Transmission Unit Controls
2.03 Located on the faceplate of the unit are: unit designations, high impedance monitoring jacks, and a latch for securing and removing the unit from its mounting.
2.04 The 4-4 wire transmission unit may be installed in single- or double-module MFT mounting arrangements. When installed in double module mountings, the $4-4$ wire transmission unit is inserted into the transmission unit slot. The associated signaling unit slot is used for a companion signaling unit or left vacant depending on requirements. Section 332-910-101 contains detailed information on mounting arrangements for MFT plug-ins.
2.05 As with most other MFT plug-in units, the J99343BD has applications in the Customer Premises Facility Terminal (CPFT) equipment. CPFT is covered in Sections 332-610-100, -200, and -500 .
2.06 The two sides of the $4-4$ wire transmission unit are referred to as the $A$ and $B$ sides ( t transmit and receive paths respectively on List 2 unit ). The A side ( 600 ohms) always faces the equipment and the B side ( 600 or 1200 ohms) always faces the facility.
2.07 The J99343BD 4-4 wire transmission unit, being passive, requires no power for operation.

## 3. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

3.01 Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of the J99343BD transmission unit. With the exception of the placement of the MON jacks, the transmit and receive paths through the unit are identical.
3.02 The 49A and 49B attenuators are precision $600-\mathrm{ohm}$ devices. The loss of each of the 49 A attenuators is adjustable between 0.0 dB and 1.5 in 0.1 dB steps. The loss of each of the 49 B attenuators is adjustable between 0.0 dB and 15.0 dB in 1.0 dB steps.
3.03 The adjustment of these attenuators, designated TRANSMIT PATH ATTENUATOR and RECEIVE PATH ATTENUATOR (TRANS PAD and RECEIVE PAD on List 1 unit), is accomplished by operating switches on the attenuators to the proper position. The designations associated with each switch correspond to the loss in dB that will


MOTES:

1. Desighated trans pad om list 1
2. desiguated receive pad ow list 1.

Fig. 3-J99343BD 4-4 Wire Transmission Unit Schematic Diagram
be inserted when the designation of that switch is visible (see Fig. 2).
3.04 Located in each transmission path is a 7.0 dB pad which may be switched in or out as necessary. These pads are designated 7.0 dB (PAD A and PAD B for the transmit and receive paths respectively on List 1 unit) and may be independently switched in or out as required. The pads are in when their respective switches are operated toward the designation.
3.05 Diodes CR1 and CR2 are included in the circuit as surge protectors. They prevent voltages greater than 17.6 volts from being propagated through the unit.
3.06 Transformers T1 and T2 supply impedance matching ( 600 or 1200 ohms) on the $B$ side and also derive $S X$ and $S X 1$ signaling leads.
3.07 The B side impedance is selected by operating the $600 / 1200$ switch to the appropriate position. The 600 -ohm setting is generally used for nonloaded cable facilities and carrier system channels. The 1200 -ohm setting is generally used for loaded cable facilities.
3.08 The line side of T1 and T2 is centertapped to derive the SX and SX1 leads. The SX1 lead is derived from transformer T 1 (A side transmit) and the SX lead is derived from T 2 ( B -side receive).
3.09 A switch designated SX REV/NOR is included to reverse the SX and SX1 leads. This function may be necessary to properly orient the SX/SX1 leads with certain connecting circuitry or signaling units.
3.10 The switch designated EXT SX/NOR allows the SX and SX1 leads to be connected to a companion MFT signaling unit or to be connected externally at the distributing frame. With the EXT SX switch in the NOR position, the SX/SX1 leads are connected to the MFT signaling unit via terminals 15 and 16. In the EXT SX position, the SX/SX1 leads are extended to the distributing frame as the BS1 and BS2 leads.

## 4. REFERENCES

4.01 The following documents contain additional information which may be helpful.

| DOCUMENT | SUBJECT |
| :--- | :--- |
| CD-, SD-1C359-01 | MFT Circuit |
| CD-, SD-1C485-01 | MFT Test Extender (J99343TB) |
| CD-, SD-7C010-01 | Customer Premises Facility <br> Terminal (CPFT) |
| $332-610-100$ | CPFT Description |
| $332-910-100$ | MFT General Description |
| $332-910-101$ | MFT Shelf, Frame, Power Panel, <br> and Distributing Frame Arrange- <br> ments-Description |
| $332-910-102$ | MFT Test Extender-Description <br> and Operation |
| $332-910-180$ | MFT General Application <br> Information |

SUBJET
MFT Circuit
MFT Test Extender (J99343TB)
Customer Premises Facility Terminal (CPFT)

CPFT Description
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MFT Shelf, Frame, Power Panel, and Distributing Frame Arrange-ments-Description

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